

Count and Construct

Activity 1 – Age Survey

FRESH MINIMARKET made an investigation.

The shop recorded the ages of people in the shop on a Saturday between 9am and 10am.

Then they recorded the data on a **frequency chart**.

Age	Tally	Frequency
21 - 30		
31 - 40		
41 - 50		
51 - 60		11
61 - 70		

- 1) Complete the frequency chart.
- 2) How many people visited the shop between 9am and 10am?
- 3) How many people were 50 years or younger?
- 4) The shop manager says the oldest person visiting the shop was 70.
Explain why this might not be correct.
- 5) Write two statements from this data collected.

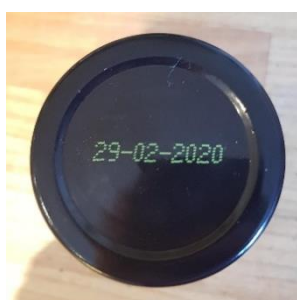
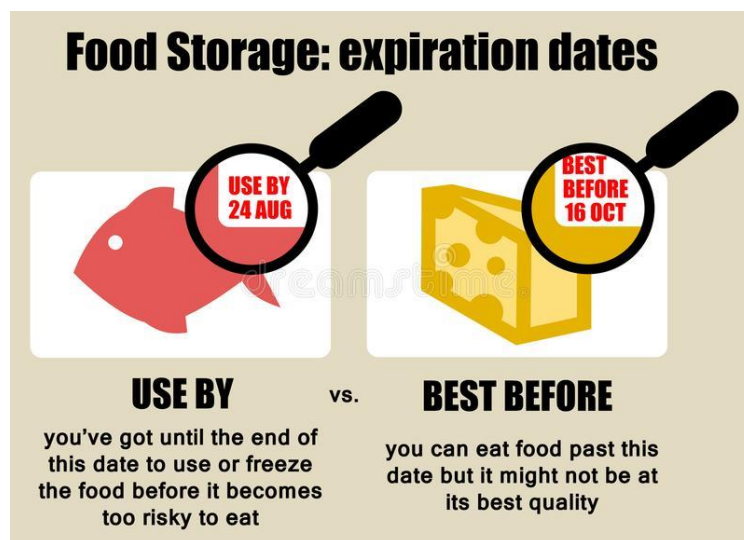
Inspired by: <https://corbettmaths.com/wp-content/uploads/2013/02/tally-charts-pdf1.pdf>

Activity 2 – Kitchen Cupboard Survey

Some food products have a date printed on them.

This can be either a **USE BY** or **BEST BEFORE** date.

What is the difference?



This product expires in **February** as it is the 2nd month.



This product expires in **May** as it is the 5th month.



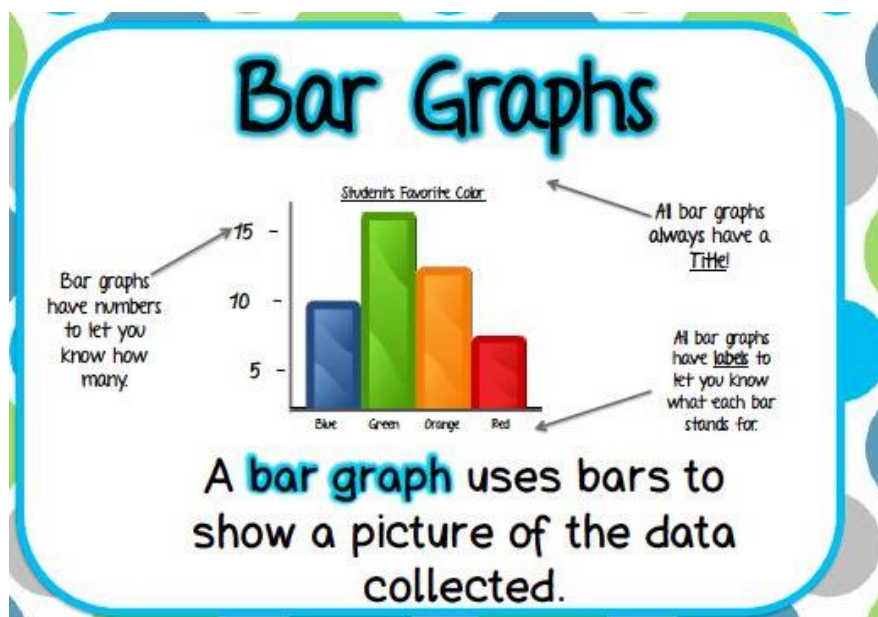
This product expires in **September** as it is the 9th month.

- Look at all the **food products** in the kitchen cupboard.
- Check the **date (best before/used by)** printed on them.
- Sort them out:** expire in the next 3 months (**0 – 3 months**), expire in the next 4 to 6 months (**4 – 6 months**), expire in the next 6 months to 1 Year (**6 – 12 months**), expires in a year or more (**12 months +**)
- Construct a bar graph** according to these expiry date frames.



You can use a graph paper to construct your bar graph.

Make sure that your bar graph has all its important features.



Use your collected data to answer these questions:

- How many products were used to collect this data?
- Which food product in your cupboard has the longest shelf life?
- Which food product in your cupboard is going to expire first?
- Do you think it's the type of packaging or the type of food that gives it a long shelf life?